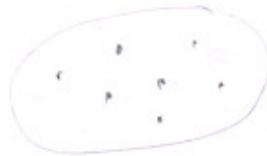
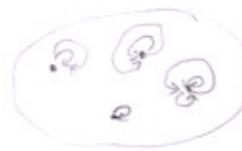


Scheme : Set of points (with some structure: Topology, $\text{sh}_{\mathcal{X}}(X)$,
loc. over to $\text{Spec } A$)



ex: M_X moduli sch. of vtr. Sella

Alg. stack : Category (with some structure which we will see)



ex: M_X moduli stack of vtr. Sella

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} \mathcal{M} & \rightarrow & \mathcal{M}^{\text{semis}} & \rightarrow & \mathcal{M}^{\text{st}} \\ & & \downarrow \text{S-equiv.} & & \downarrow \text{forget autom.} \\ m^{\text{semis}} & \rightarrow & m^{\text{st}} & & \end{array}$$

Another example: G/GX

Quot. as scheme: might not exist,
might need to restr.
to semis.
S-equiv.

Quot as stack $[X/G]$

$$C^*GC^* \quad (\lambda x, \frac{1}{2}y)$$

Grothendieck topologies

Topology (classically): is a collection of morph $U \hookrightarrow X$ in the topological cat.
 open
 incl.)

Grothendieck topology on a category is a coll. of morph. in
 that category $f: U \rightarrow V$ plays the role of an open
 set in U .

Cover $\{U_i \rightarrow X\}$ surj.

Intersection $U_i \times_{X, f} U_j \rightarrow X$

Site := Category with a Grothendieck topology

Zariski topology $f: U_i \hookrightarrow X$ open inclusion

étale topology $f: U_i \rightarrow X$ étale

fppf topology finitely presented flat morph.

①

Schemes as functor of points

M scheme may be functor of points $\text{Hom}_S(-, M) : (\text{Sch}/S) \rightarrow (\text{Sets})$

Functor = presheaf of sets in Groth. topol. $F \quad B \mapsto \text{Hom}(B, M)$

(Mono) $\{U_i \rightarrow U\} \quad X, Y \in F(U) \quad x|_i = y|_i \quad \forall i \Rightarrow X = Y \quad F(B)$

A functor is a Sheaf if:
 Open covering $\{U_i\}$ $X_i \in F(U_i), \quad x_i|_{ij} = x_j|_{ij} \Rightarrow \exists X : x_i = x_i$

$(\text{Sch}) \subset (\text{Alg spaces}) \subset (\text{Sheaves}) \subset (\text{presheaf})$

loc. Zariski affine loc. etale affine space functor

$\underline{M}_X(B) = \text{Isom classes of vtr. bldes on } B \times X \quad \text{Not a sheaf!}$

$\underline{M}_X(B) = \text{equiv. class up to pullback by loc. bld} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{A sheaf conditions} \\ \text{for example, for} \\ \text{ample sheaves} \end{array}$

Sometimes, \underline{M}_X is representable (ex: Jacobian, X curve, $(\mathbb{C}, d) = 1$)

Weaker: M corepresents F if $\exists \phi : F \dashv \vdash \text{Hom}(-, M)$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} F & \xrightarrow{\quad A \quad} & \text{Hom}(-, M) \\ \downarrow & \dashv \dashv & \dashv \dashv \\ & & \text{Hom}(-, N) \end{array}$$

M coarse moduli scheme

Correct gluing for families of vtr. bldes

(Gluing) $\{U_i \rightarrow U\}_{U \in X}$ and $\varphi_{ij} : F_i|_{U_{ij}} \cong F_j|_{U_{ij}}$ st. $\varphi_{ij} \circ \varphi_{jk} = \varphi_{ik} \Rightarrow \bigcup_{U \in X}^F$

"KEEP ISOMORPHISMS"

(2)

2-Functors
(presheaf)

Stack
sheaf of groupoids

$F: (\text{Sch}/s) \rightarrow (\text{Groupoids}) = \begin{cases} \text{ob: category} \\ 1\text{-mor = functors} \\ 2\text{-mor = nat. trans.} \end{cases}$

Example: $B \hookrightarrow M_X(B) = \begin{cases} \text{ob } V_{B \times X} \\ \text{1-mor } V \in \mathcal{V} \\ \text{2-mor } V \in \mathcal{V} \end{cases}$ } important

$\boxed{\text{ob}}$ $B' \hookrightarrow B \hookrightarrow f^*: M_X(B') \rightarrow M_X(B)$ functor

$\boxed{\text{1-mor}}$ $B'' \xrightarrow{g \circ f} B \xrightarrow{f} M_X(B)$ } not important
($\xrightarrow{\text{functor}}$ of morph)

$\forall X, Y \in F(U), \varphi_i: X|_i \rightarrow Y|_i \text{ s.t. } \varphi_{i|ij} = \varphi_{i|ij} \Rightarrow \exists \psi: X \rightarrow Y \text{ s.t. } \psi_i = \varphi_i$

Sheaf of groupoids
 $\{U_i \rightarrow U\}$
(Morph) $X, Y \in F(U)$, $\psi: X \rightarrow Y$ s.t. $\psi_i = \psi|_i$, then $\psi = \psi$

(Glue of obj.) $X_i \in F(U_i), \varphi_{ij}: X_j|_{ij} \rightarrow X_i|_{ij}, \varphi_{ij} \circ \varphi_{jk} = \varphi_{ik} \Rightarrow \exists X \in F(U) \text{ and } \varphi_i: X|_i \cong X_i \text{ s.t. } \varphi_{ji} \circ \varphi_{ij}|_{ij} = \varphi_{ji}|_{ij}$

(not defined yet)
(Alg. stack) \hookrightarrow (stack)
2-functor
(Presheaf of groupoids)

(sch) \hookrightarrow (Alg. spaces) \hookrightarrow (Spaces) \hookrightarrow (Presheaf of sets)

space
sheaf. area

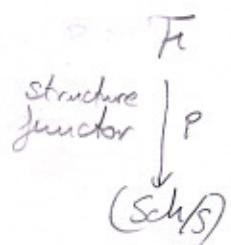
functor

geom.

(3)

(Now: F hits all points, i.e. B -valued for any scheme B)

Category fibered over Sch/S



Example: vbr. bundles

Category fibered on groupoids

$$1) \quad \begin{array}{ccc} X, \exists \phi, X & & \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \\ B' & \xrightarrow{\alpha} & B \end{array} \quad \text{"existence of pullback..."}$$

$$2) \quad \begin{array}{ccc} & X_3 & \longrightarrow X_1 \\ & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ B_3 & \xrightarrow{\exists \phi} & B_1 \\ & \searrow & \downarrow \\ & & B_2 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \exists ! \phi: X_3 \rightarrow X_2 \text{ making the} \\ \text{diag. com.} \\ \dots \text{up to unique} \end{array}$$

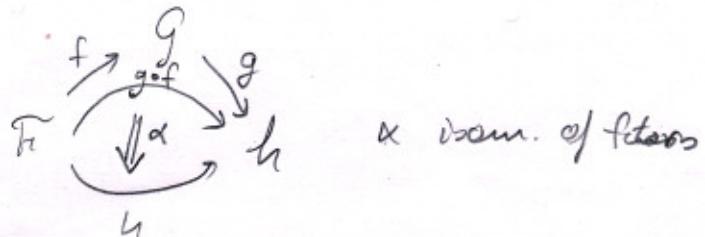
Cor: fiber $F(B)$ is a groupoid

Def: A stack is a cat. fibered on groupoids s.t. $B \mapsto F(B)$ is a sheaf.

Morph. of stacks: $f: F \rightarrow G$ functor s.t. $P_g \circ f = P_f$

$\text{Hom}_s(F, G) = \text{cat} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{ob: morph. of stacks} \\ \text{mor: nat. transf.} \end{array} \right.$

comm. diagram



(4)

Example: $M_X = \begin{cases} \text{ob: } V \xrightarrow{\cong} B \times X \\ \text{mor: } \begin{cases} f: B' \rightarrow B \\ (f \times \text{id})^* V \xrightarrow{\cong} V \end{cases} \end{cases}$

$[X/G] = \begin{cases} \text{ob: } E \xrightarrow{\text{equo}} X \\ \downarrow G\text{-shtle} \\ B \end{cases}$
 $\text{mor: } \begin{array}{ccc} E' & \xrightarrow{\cong} & X \\ \downarrow \square & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ B' & \xrightarrow{\cong} & B \end{array}$

$M_g = \begin{cases} \text{ob: } X \\ \downarrow \\ B \end{cases}$ [stable curv. of genus over B]
 $\text{mor: } \begin{array}{ccc} x' & \rightarrow & X \\ \downarrow \square & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ B' & \rightarrow & B \end{array}$

$\begin{cases} \text{Umsch}(Sht/U) \\ \text{scheme associated stack} \end{cases} = \begin{cases} \text{ob: } B \xrightarrow{\cong} U \\ \downarrow p_U \rightarrow B_{/U, S} \\ \text{mor: } B' \xrightarrow{\cong} B \\ \downarrow \square \end{cases}$

Yoneda: Morphism $U \rightarrow \mathcal{F}$ is the same thing as an object $X \in \mathcal{F}(U)$

(Yoneda Lemma): Given $\mathcal{F}_1, \mathcal{F}_2 \rightarrow \mathcal{G}$, then $f_1: \mathcal{F}_1 \rightarrow \mathcal{G}$ is the same thing as an object of $\mathcal{F}_1(U)$.

Fiber product: $f_1: \mathcal{F}_1 \rightarrow \mathcal{G}$ $f_2: \mathcal{F}_2 \rightarrow \mathcal{G}$

Define $\mathcal{F}_1 \times_{\mathcal{G}} \mathcal{F}_2 = \begin{cases} \text{ob: } (X_1, X_2, \alpha: f_1(X_1) \rightarrow f_2(X_2)) \\ \text{mor: } \begin{array}{c} (X_1, X_2, \alpha)/_U \\ \downarrow f_1 \\ (Y_1, Y_2, \beta)/_U \end{array} \xrightarrow{\cong} \begin{array}{cc} X_1 & X_2 \\ \downarrow f_1 & \downarrow f_2 \\ Y_1 & Y_2 \end{array} \end{cases}$

s.t. $\begin{array}{c} f_1(Y_1) \xrightarrow{\alpha} f_2(X_2) \\ f_1(Y_1) \xrightarrow{\beta} f_2(X_2) \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} f_1(Y_1) \xrightarrow{\alpha} f_2(X_2) \\ f_1(Y_1) \xrightarrow{\beta} f_2(X_2) \end{array}$

Representability: X represented by $\{ \text{alg. spaces} \}$ if it is anal. to an $\{ \text{alg. sp.} \}$ scheme

$f: \mathcal{F} \rightarrow \mathcal{G}$ representable $\Leftrightarrow \begin{array}{c} U \xrightarrow{g} \mathcal{F} \\ \downarrow f \circ g \rightarrow \mathcal{G} \end{array}$ is rep. by alg. sp.
 ("fibers are alg. spaces") over schemes

"P" property of morph, local on target, stable under pullback
 (e.g. flat, smooth, étale, surj, finite type, ...)

Def: f has "P" $\Leftrightarrow \forall U \rightarrow \mathcal{G}$, the morph $U \times_{\mathcal{G}} \mathcal{F} \rightarrow U$ has "P"
 representable morph

(5)

$$\text{Iso}_j(X_1, X_2) \rightarrow \mathbb{P}$$

\downarrow $\downarrow \Delta_{\mathbb{P}}$

$$\bigcup \xrightarrow{(X_1, X_2)} \mathbb{P} \times_{\mathbb{P}} \mathbb{P}$$

Diagonal:

Prop: $\Delta_{\mathbb{P}}$ representable $\Leftrightarrow \forall U, U \xrightarrow{\text{scheme}} \mathbb{P}$ representable

Def: ^{D.M.} Algebraic Stack: A stack $\mathbb{P} \Rightarrow$ algebraic if

- 1) $\Delta_{\mathbb{P}}$ is representable, quasi-compact and separated
- (also) 2) \exists scheme U , $U \xrightarrow{\text{etale and surj.}}$

Def: Artin Alg. Stack

- 1) -
- 2) \exists scheme U , $U \xrightarrow{\text{smooth (hence loc. of finite type) and surj.}}$

Prop: D.M. $\Rightarrow \Delta$ unramified (Aut(x) discrete and reduced)
 Art. $\Rightarrow \Delta$ finite type (Aut(x) finite type)

Examples: $\coprod \text{Quot}_m \rightarrow \mathcal{M}_X$

$$X \longrightarrow [X/G]$$

"P" local property of schemes (regular, normal, reduced, char p)

Def: \mathbb{P} has "P" \Leftrightarrow the atlas has "P"

(6)

Def: Substack $E \xrightarrow{i} F$ full subcategory s.t.

1. $X \in \text{ob } F$ or in $\text{ob } E$, then the same holds for all isom. objects
2. $X \in E(B) \Rightarrow$ all pullbacks f^*X are in E
3. $X \in E(B) \Leftrightarrow X_i \in E$ $\forall i$ where $f: U_i \rightarrow B$ is a covering

Open inclusion (closed, loc. closed): i is representable and open (closed, loc. closed)

Def: F separated $\Leftrightarrow \Delta_F$ is universally closed

Criterien: If A valuation ring, K field of fractions

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & \xrightarrow{g_1} & F \\
 & \searrow g_2 & \downarrow p \\
 \text{Spec } K \xrightarrow{i} \text{Spec } A & \longrightarrow & S \\
 & \nearrow & \\
 & \alpha: g_1|_{\text{Spec } K} \xrightarrow{\cong} g_2|_{\text{Spec } K} &
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{aligned}
 p \circ g_1 &= p \circ g_2 \\
 \alpha: g_1|_{\text{Spec } K} &\xrightarrow{\cong} g_2|_{\text{Spec } K}
 \end{aligned}$$

$\Rightarrow \exists \tilde{\alpha}: g_1 \rightarrow g_2$ extending α

(7)

Def: $f: \mathcal{F} \rightarrow \mathcal{G}$ separated if $\forall U \xrightarrow{\text{affine}} \mathcal{G}$, $U \times_{\mathcal{G}} \mathcal{F}$ is a separated stack.

Criterium:

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Spec } K \xrightarrow{\quad} \text{Spec } A \xrightarrow{\quad g_1 \quad} \mathcal{F} \\ \downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \\ \text{Spec } K \xrightarrow{\quad} \text{Spec } A \xrightarrow{\quad g \quad} \mathcal{G} \end{array}$$

1) $\beta, p \circ g_1 \xrightarrow{\cong} p \circ g_2$
 2) $\alpha: g_1|_{\text{Spec } K} \xrightarrow{\cong} g_2|_{\text{Spec } K}$
 3) $f(x) = \beta|_{\text{Spec } K}$

$\Rightarrow \exists \tilde{\alpha}: g_1 \rightarrow g_2$ s.t. $\tilde{\alpha}|_{\text{Spec } K} = \alpha$
 and $f(\tilde{\alpha}) = \beta$

Def: \mathcal{F} proper if it is separated, finite type and

$$\begin{array}{c} \exists X \longrightarrow \mathcal{F} \\ \text{proper scheme} \quad \text{surj, representable} \end{array}$$

Criterium:

$$\begin{array}{c} A \xrightarrow{g} \mathcal{F} \\ \text{Spec } K \xrightarrow{\quad} \text{Spec } A \xrightarrow{\quad} S \end{array}$$

$\exists K'$ finite field extn, A' integral closure on K'

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Spec } K' \xrightarrow{\text{gen}} \mathcal{F} \\ \downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \\ \text{Spec } K \xrightarrow{\quad} \text{Spec } A \xrightarrow{\quad} S \end{array}$$

(8)

Point $\exists: \text{Spec } K \rightarrow \mathbb{P}$

$$\downarrow_S \leftarrow$$

Dimension: Recall: X, Y loc. Noeth. schemes
 $f: X \rightarrow Y$ flat

$$\text{Then } \dim_X(X) = \dim_X(f) + \dim_{f(X)}(Y)$$

$$\quad \quad \quad \parallel$$

$$\dim_X(f^{-1}(x))$$

Def: $X \xrightarrow[u]{\sim} \mathbb{P}$
atlas loc. Noeth $\dim_{\exists}(\mathbb{P}) := \dim_X(X) - \dim_X(u)$

Example: $\dim [X/G] = \dim X - \dim G$

$$\dim BG = -\dim G$$

Quasicoherent sheaf: $\forall X \rightarrow \mathbb{P}$, S_X sheaf on X

$$\forall X \xrightarrow{f} Y \rightarrow \mathbb{P}, q_f: S_X \xrightarrow{\cong} f^*S_Y$$

(with cocycle)

Sheaf of differentials (or tangent): easy for D.M.
cotangent complex for Artin

(9)

 \mathcal{M}_X^s \mathcal{M}_X

semistable

all

S-equiv.

isomorph

 $V \sim V' \otimes p^* L$ $V \cong V'$ \mathcal{M}^s can be fine moduli
space \mathcal{M}^s is never representable
($\text{Aut} \supset \mathbb{C}^*$)

$$[R^s/G\text{L}(N)] \longrightarrow [R^s/\text{PGL}(N)]$$

$$\mathcal{M}_X^s \xrightarrow{f} \mathcal{M}_X^s$$

$$\dim f = -1 \Rightarrow \dim \mathcal{M}_X^s = \dim \mathcal{M}_X^s - 1$$

$$\dim X = 1 \Rightarrow \dim \mathcal{M}_c = r^2(g-1) \quad \dim \mathcal{M}_c = r^2(g-1) + 1$$

\mathcal{M}_c smooth